Davidson County

2018 YTD

26 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Month:
Davidson County, 2018 YTD

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Davidson, 2018 YTD</th>
<th>North Carolina, 2018 YTD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>92.3%</td>
<td>85.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year-to-Date Opioid ED Visits in Davidson County
versus Jan to Feb 2017

26

Source: NC DETECT; ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

Note: Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics.

Provisional Data: 2018 ED Visits. YTD: Year to Date; Data suppressed for <10 cases; Month(s) shaded in blue are above average YTD.

NOTE: The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.

NORTH CAROLINA INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION

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