Forsyth County

172 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Month: Forsyth County, 2017 YTD

NOTE: The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts; counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.

Note: Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics.

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Age Group

Source: NC DETECT: ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

YTD: Year to Date
Data suppressed for <10 cases
Month(s) shaded in blue are above average YTD
Provisional Data: 2017 ED Visits

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Race

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Forsyth, 2017 YTD</th>
<th>North Carolina, 2017 YTD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>91.3%</td>
<td>85.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
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NORTH CAROLINA INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION

1/16/2018