Davidson County

119 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Month:
Davidson County, 2017 YTD

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Race

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Davidson, 2017 YTD</th>
<th>North Carolina, 2017 YTD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
<td>85.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts; counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.

Source: NC DETECT: ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

Note: Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics.

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2017 YTD

119 Year-to-Date Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits in Davidson County versus January to December 2016 93

Opioid Diagnosis ED Visits by Age Group

# ED Visits

0 10 20 30 40 50 60

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

YTD: Year to Date
Data suppressed for <10 cases
Month(s) shaded in blue are above average YTD
Provisional Data: 2017 ED Visits

1/16/2018