Wake County

228

ED VISITS FOR OVERDOSE INVOLVING MEDICATIONS OR DRUGS WITH DEPENDENCY POTENTIAL

2020*

Med/Drug^ Overdose ED Visits by Med/Drug Class
Last 12 Months: Wake County

Trend lines shown for Med/Drug classes having a monthly average ≥3 visits. It is important to note, if a Med/Drug class is not shown, it does not mean there were no visits, but that the monthly average is less than 3.

Med/Drug^ Overdose ED Visits by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group

Data Source: NC DETECT: ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Unintentional/Undetermined Medication or Drug Overdose (>14/<66) (ICD-9/10-CM)

Med/Drug^ Overdose ED Visits for Med/Drugs^ with Dependency Potential in Wake County, 2020*YTD

compared to 184 Jan to Mar 2019

0% 20% 40% 60% 80%

White•
Black•
Hispanic
Asian•
AI/AN•

Med/Drug Class

Heroin and Other Synthetic Narcotics
Unknown Med/Drug Class
Unspecified Narcotics
Commonly Prescribed Opioids
Benzodiazepines
Cocaine
Psychostimulants

Trend lines shown for Med/Drug classes having a monthly average ≥3 visits. It is important to note, if a Med/Drug class is not shown, it does not mean there were no visits, but that the monthly average is less than 3.

^Report is based on initial encounter, unintentional and undetermined intent cases only, for ICD10CM overdose codes of drugs and medicaments with dependency potential within T40, T42, T43, T50.7, and T50.9.

Note: Report is restricted to N.C. residents between the ages 15 to 65 years. Drug classes shown are not mutually exclusive, a person may have more than one drug overdose diagnosis code, therefore, a person may be represented in multiple lines in the graph above. *2019-2020 data is provisional; YTD (Year to date).

Note: NC DETECT is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts. For training on NC DETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

NORTH CAROLINA INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION

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